

Table 3.B  
Nephite table of metals and grains

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Alma 11:5-6	Now the <i>reckoning</i> <sup>1</sup> is thus: a senine of gold, a seon of gold, a shum of gold, and a limnah of gold; a senum of silver, an amnor of silver, an ezrum of silver, and an onti of silver.
Alma 11:7	A senum of silver was equal to a senine of gold, and either for a measure of barley, and also for a measure of every kind of grain.
Alma 11:8-10	Now the amount of a seon of gold was twice the value of a senine. And a shum of gold was twice the value of a seon. And a limnah of gold was the value of them all.
Alma 11:11-13	And an amnor of silver was as great as two senums. And an ezrum of silver was as great as four senums. And an onti was as great as them all.
Alma 11:14-18	Now this is the value of the lesser numbers of their <i>reckoning</i> <sup>2</sup> : a shiblon is half of a senum; therefore a shiblon for a half a measure of barley. And a shilum is half of a shiblon. And a leah is the half of a shilum. Now an antion of gold is equal to three shiblons.
Alma 11:19	Now this is their number according to their <i>reckoning</i> .

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<sup>1</sup> Italics added to emphasize the noun *reckoning*.

<sup>2</sup> The table ends with a second list of names. The antion of gold and the shiblon, shilum and leah of silver are not mentioned in the initial list of names for weights of gold and silver. This latter reckoning of a weight of gold in terms of a weight of silver also combines both naming and equating in the reckoning process.